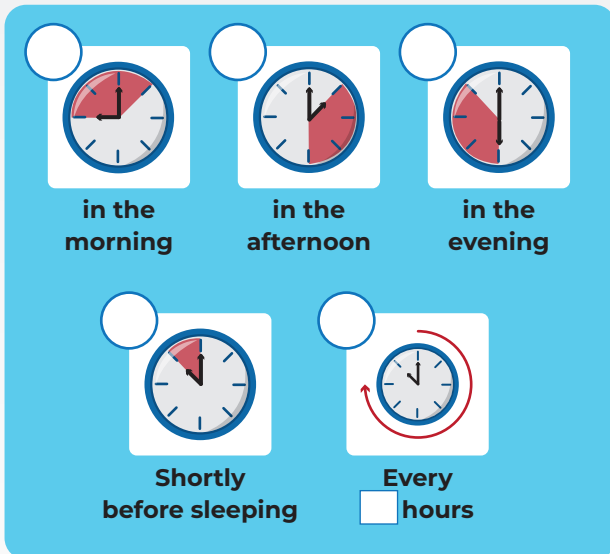
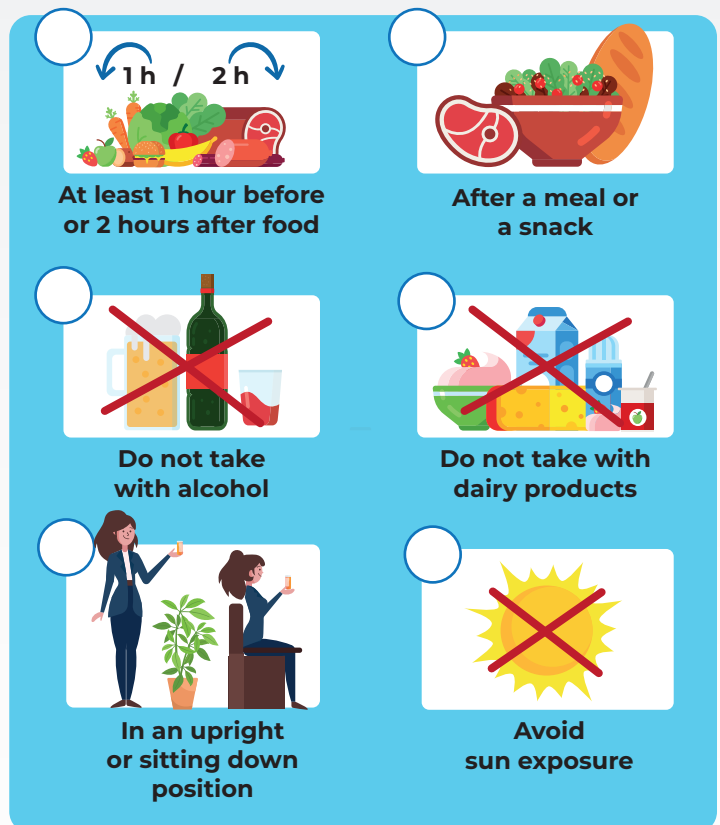


What you need to know if you have been prescribed an antibiotic

When to take your antibiotic:



How to take your antibiotic:



- **Duration of antibiotic treatment:**

You should stop your antibiotic treatment after days.

- **Possible side effects include:**

Diarrhoea, nausea and vomiting, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, skin rashes, headache, dizziness, fungal infections (candida).

- **Possible food and drug interactions:**

- ▶ Combining the use of antibiotics with other medications or alcohol can modify the efficacy and increase the risk of adverse reactions.
- ▶ Ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for any potential food and drug interactions.



**Most side effects are mild and temporary.
If side effects become severe, you should contact a
healthcare professional**

● Please remember:

- ▶ Antibiotics are only needed to treat certain infections caused by bacteria. Use of antibiotics can lead to antimicrobial resistance. This is why we need to use antibiotics only when necessary.
- ▶ Take the prescribed antibiotic treatment according to the prescription from the doctor.
- ▶ Don't share antibiotics with your family members, friends, or animals.
- ▶ Return any unused antibiotics to the pharmacy.
- ▶ Contact your healthcare provider if your symptoms get worse.
- ▶ Inform your healthcare provider and/or your pharmacist about any allergies you may have.
- ▶ If you are pregnant, breastfeeding, or planning to get pregnant, make sure that your healthcare provider and/or pharmacist is aware of it, to ensure safe use of the medication.

● When to contact a pharmacist:

- ▶ For any questions about the medication you use.
- ▶ For information about relief of symptoms or side effects.
- ▶ If you are unsure about any of the information you have received.
- ▶ If you are unsure about how or when to take your medication.

